

1 **FORUM:** **First Committee**  
2  
3 **QUESTION OF:** **Measures to Eliminate International Terrorism**  
4  
5 **CO-SUBMITTED BY:** **Australia, Austria, Cuba, Georgia, India, Indonesia,**  
6 **Iraq, Japan, Malaysia, Pakistan, Rwanda and Sweden**  
7

8  
9 The First Committee,

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11 *Guided* by the purposes and principles of the Charter of the United Nations,

12  
13 *Acknowledging* the necessity of, but also the difficulty in defining international terrorism,

14  
15 *Deploing* the actions most recently undertaken by terrorist groups in Bali on the 12<sup>th</sup>  
16 October 2002, and recognising wholeheartedly the distress of the peoples affected by  
17 such terrorism,

18  
19 *Recognising* every state's responsibility, as detailed in clauses 3 and 4, to prevent the  
20 establishment and activities of terrorists within its own territorial boundaries,

21  
22 *Welcoming* the increased role that the UN has taken in direct combat of international  
23 terrorism in the last decade, and praising the speed with which Member States reacted to  
24 the attacks on the U.S. on September 11<sup>th</sup> 2001,

25  
26 *Desiring* a global society, where peoples appreciate and tolerate each other's cultures,  
27 religions and opinions,

28  
29 *Alarmed* by the misuse of religious and cultural justifications for international terrorism,

30  
31 *Realising* the importance of resolving conflicts, and that unresolved conflicts can be a  
32 potential breeding ground for terrorist organisations,

33  
34 *Disdaining* the continued support for particular terrorist groups by certain government  
35 agencies, and recognising the hypocrisy of such actions,

36  
37 *Re-emphasising* the sentiments and conditions of previous resolutions such as expressed  
38 in Security Council Resolution 1373,

39  
40 *Recognising* the importance of identifying the underlying motivations for terrorist  
41 attacks,

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- 42 1. *Emphasises* the need for UN Member States to co-operate in developing  
43 international treaties and establishing guidelines for the sharing of information on  
44 terrorist activities, between governments, nongovernmental agencies and international  
45 institutions;  
46
- 47 2. *Urges* all Member States to implement the 12 multilateral anti-terrorism  
48 conventions and protocols;  
49
- 50 3. *Calls* upon Member States to assist countries in establishing methods to fight  
51 terrorism through:  
52 a. developing law enforcement capacities,  
53 b. technological means;  
54
- 55 4. *Calls upon* all Member States and NGOs to invest in education in order to:  
56 a. Create a better awareness of the differences and unique values of cultures,  
57 b. Facilitate the awareness of the motives behind acts of terrorism;  
58
- 59 5. *Strongly calls upon* States to refrain from supporting terrorist activities, either  
60 within or outside their borders in terms of:  
61 a. financial funding,  
62 b. encouragement or engagement in providing arms, other equipment and training,  
63 c. use of national territories;  
64
- 65 6. *Stresses* in particular the unacceptability of States giving support to terrorists, no  
66 matter how these present themselves, who aim to undermine the territorial integrity or  
67 political independence of other States;  
68
- 69 7. *Stresses* the importance that all measures to counter terrorism must strictly  
70 conform to international law, especially including international human rights standards,  
71 as set forth in international conventions on Human Rights;  
72
- 73 8. *Affirms* the importance of identifying the underlying motivations for terrorist  
74 actions, and dealing with these to counter future terrorist actions;  
75
- 76 9. *Urges* Member States to take an integrated approach to tackling international  
77 terrorism, with consideration to organized crime, drug trafficking, and money laundering;  
78
- 79 10. *Encourages* the international community to help countries with internal  
80 instability, or in the process of stabilisation, respecting the sovereignty of the state by:  
81 a. developing effective institutions and creating legislation, in the country in  
82 question, to combat terrorism,  
83 b. encouraging the channeling of aid to preventive measures and through  
84 existing channels, thereby campaigning against international terrorism;  
85

- 85 11. *Calls for* increased support to UN military observation groups in areas of conflict  
86 that are known or suspected to harbour terrorist groups, including increased financial  
87 support;  
88
- 89 12. *Encourages* all Member States to contribute to the elimination of international  
90 terrorism by co-operating with all States, regional communities, and international  
91 organizations;  
92
- 93 13. *Expresses* its hope that, in the future, cooperation and action between and on the  
94 part of all UN Member States can reduce violence and tragedy caused by international  
95 terrorism.